#### TRANSCRIPT OF KTUU

#### INTERVIEW OF JAHNA M. LINDEMUTH AND JOHN B. SKIDMORE

(Re: Justin Schneider)

September 25, 2018

TRANSCRIPTS ONLY

2921 Wiley Post Avenue Anchorage, Alaska 99517 (907) 276-0306

## (Pages 2 to 5)

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1	(Jill Burke KTUU.m4a)	1 the law under which Schneider was sentenced, would that
2	00:00:00	2 have changed the outcome in his case? Would he have done
3	UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: You probably know the drill, but	3 some jail time; might he have had a different result?
4	you're going to be looking right at Jill. I don't even exist	4 A So the you know, the issue is and why it's broken is
5	over here.	5 that under the current structure of the law the maximum
6	MS. LINDEMUTH: Okay.	6 penalty that could be awarded was zero to two years.
7	MS. BURKE: Yeah.	7 Under once this law is changed and we fix the this
8	UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: All right, I'm ready to begin.	8 issue and treat it as a sex crime, the first the
9	MS. BURKE: You ready?	9 penalty range for a first offense would be 2 to 12 years,
10	UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Uh-huh.	10 a much more serious result for this kind of conduct.
11	JAHNA M. LINDEMUTH	11 Q What kind of response have you received personally from
12	was interviewed as follows:	12 the public as a result of this the outcome in this
13	BY MS. BURKE:	13 case?
14	Q Okay, so if you could, tell me when you first learned of	14 A I've received emails and phone calls. I think our many
15	the outcome in the Schneider case?	15 of those in Department of Law have also received emails
16	A I think it was last Thursday night, so that it was that	16         and phone calls and just citizens expressing their concern
17	day.	17 and outrage over this result.
18	Q And did you learn about it because of internally within	18         I'm also a member of the Alaska Criminal Justice
19	the Department of Law or through a news story?	19 Commission. It was a topic of yesterday's meeting, and
20	A Through initially through the Department of Law.	20 there will be a sex offense workgroup that will look at
21	Q Okay. And what was your reaction to learning about how	21 this loophole and other loopholes and recommend changes to
22	that how it ended up?	22 the legislature as well. But it is something that
23	A You know, I think like many Alaskans I was very concerned	23 Governor Walker is already committed to fixing.
24	about the outcome and the resolution of that particular	24 Q Are there already are there other loopholes that you
25	case. The you know, the issue is that the law is	25 are presently aware of and what might those be?
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### (Pages 6 to 9)

	Page 6	Page 8
1	A The Alaska Criminal Justice Commission is made up of all	1 and your title.
2	the different stakeholders in the system, and so the	2 A Sure. It's John Skidmore, and I'm the director of the
3	public defender is part of it, the commissioner of Public	3 Criminal Division of the Alaska Department of Law.
4	Safety, the commissioner of Corrections, several judges, a	4 Q Okay. And so on your end of things did you were you
5	representative of the Alaska Native Justice Foundation,	5 one of the people that signed off on this plea deal before
6	and then there's also a victims' representative, and, you	6 it was presented?
7	know, the victims' representative spoke very eloquently	7 A No. The this particular resolution came to my
8	about it. I you know, I think we can all imagine that	8 attention after the fact and I had an opportunity to
9	this could be our sister or our mother or could be	<ul> <li>review it after the fact. I didn't have any involvement</li> </ul>
10	ourselves that face this issue, and so it's just very	10 prior.
11	important that we fix this loophole and that no one else	11 Q Okay. Do you feel that it was a good resolution
12	has to face this kind of sentencing, this kind of	12 giving given all of the factors involved in making
13	behavior.	13 those kinds of decisions?
14	Q Okay. And Alaska Native Justice Foundation, the	14 A I think the ultimate resolution is one that many of us in
15		
16	victim you said a victim advocate was there or a victims' representative?	<ul> <li>the Department of Law, as well as citizens from across the</li> <li>state, were very unhappy with the outcome. Unfortunately,</li> </ul>
	*	
17 18	A Yeah, so there's a designated member of the victims group as part of the Alaska Criminal Justice Commission	
18	as part of the Alaska Criminal Justice Commission.	
20	Q Okay. MR SKIDMORE: And Lean get you the list	
	MR. SKIDMORE: And I can get you the list.	
21	MS. BURKE: Yeah, that would be great.	
22	A That was Brenda Stanfill.	
23	Q Oh, okay. I know who she is. Out of Fairbanks?	A So whenever a judge is evaluating an agreement, it's
24	A Yes. She was the one that made the motion that we as a	24 called a Criminal Rule 11 agreement or a Rule 11
25	commission recommend that the sex offense working group	25 agreement, and really their discretion is to decide to
1	Page 7	Page 9
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		Page 10			Page 12
1	Q	Right.	1		critical pieces to a case that cannot be presented.
2	À	0	2		You know, I tried a case a number of years ago; it
3		legislature chose to say placing your hands or any other	3		was a man that set his wife on fire. We had to bring the
4		object around someone's throat and cutting off their	4		wife into the courtroom, though she didn't want to be
5		ability to breathe would be an assault in the second	5		there and didn't want to participate, and we had to spend
6		degree.	6		hours asking her questions about what statements she had
7	Q	-	7		previously made so we could introduce those prior
8	Q	other pressures on a resolution in a case, you know,	8		statements. If we hadn't have done that, we may not have
9		pieces of the process that the public's not always in	9		been able to present any of the information that she had
10		control of, that the prosecutor and defense attorney are	10		conveyed to other people.
11		not in control of. For example, whether a victim is	11	0	
12		•	12	Q	Uh-huh. So knowing that, then a plea agreement that kind
13		present or not to answer to the allegations she's making	13		of resolves all of the elements of concern is a good
		against somebody or he's making against somebody, right,	14		outcome. I think that you had you have a statement on
14		to be cross-examined.	14		the Department of Law website that talks about how even
15	А	So I never describe it as a victim having to answer to	1		though he wasn't being accused of a sex crime, he still
16	0	allegations.	16		had to go to sex offender treatment as part of that
17	Q		17		agreement.
18	Α	•	18	Α	The first I would say is I would not characterize this as
19		opportunity to participate and to be heard in a case, and	19		a good outcome. None of us are happy with the outcome
20		certainly the victim in this case, that lady was someone	20		that occurred here. The way I describe it is that this
21		that our office had been in contact with throughout most	21		was one of the better outcomes that we could achieve,
22		of the case. Unfortunately, towards the end of the case	22		given the problem with the laws. That's why we have to
23		our contact with her was more sporadic and we were having	23		change the laws. That's why we have to fix them.
24		difficulty in communicating with her.	24		You're correct, we would not have been able to have
25		We wanted her to be present during sentencing. We	25		sex offender treatment ordered but for the agreement that
		Page 11			Page 13
1		were unable to get in touch with her to provide her the	1		we made. If we had gone to trial and convicted
2		information about the hearing. It would have been far	2		Mr. Schneider, the Court would not have had the legal
3		preferable to have her there. That wasn't a choice that	3		authority to require sex offender treatment. So that was
4		we made. It was an unfortunate circumstance. It would	4		one of the aspects that was important to us in this
5		have been better if she could be there.	5		resolution, was to ensure that his conduct that was
6	Q		6		clearly sexual in nature had the result of sex offender
7	×	Department of Law was proposing?	7		treatment to address that deviant behavior.
8	А		8	0	But not on the he doesn't have to register on the
9		we began to consider resolutions we were not able to get	9	×	registry, correct?
10		in touch with her about those things. That's one of the	10	A	Again, the sex offender registry is controlled by statute
11		things that we always try to do, is to talk with victims	11		and currently our statutes would not require the conduct
12		before any resolution is proposed or agreed upon with the	12		that Mr. Schneider engaged in to register as a sex
13		defendant.	13		offender. That's one of the aspects that we need to
14	Q		14		change in the laws. Those are the proposals that are
15	×	and maybe not very well, is it's is it more difficult	15		going to be addressed by what the governor and the
16		to prosecute a case when you don't have the availability	16		attorney general are recommending for new legislation.
17		of a victim to be present for the proceedings?	17	0	Okay. And the history of this law, the attorney general
18	А		18	×	had mentioned that you might have some information.
19		what's the evidence that we have available to present at	19	А	The there are different crimes that you're talking
20		trial. That evidence includes what witnesses are	20		about in this context. Part of it's strangulation, but
21		available, what can those witnesses say, what's the	21		the part that I want to focus on is the conduct that was
22		physical evidence we have, et cetera, et cetera. If you	22		more of a sexual nature for the defendant in this case.
23		don't have a witness available, that violates	23		And the way that law started, it was a law that was
24		confrontation clauses of the United States Constitution,	24		enacted back in 2006 and then amended in 2010, and when
		Summon canados of the Chinese States Constitution,	1		when an avec and then unchated in 2010, and when
25		and so without a victim available there are oftentimes	2.5		they originally they, the legislature originally
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## (Pages 14 to 17)

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	Page 14	Page 16
1	looked at passing this law what they were focused on was	1 our appellate division and look at those cases we
2	inmate behavior related to Department of Corrections	2 recognize, okay, we're not going to be able to establish
3	employees. The law talks about blood, saliva, feces,	3 that particular crime, and that was the case in this
4	urine, semen, all of those sorts of bodily fluids being	4 situation. We would not have been successful in
5	flung at another person as being very offensive behavior.	5 establishing a kidnapping charge.
6	Nothing that was sexual in nature, but very offensive.	6 Q Another thing that people are talking about and I think
7	And so it was created as the crime of harassment.	7 outraged about is there's a perception that Native women
8	I don't believe that anyone in the legislature nor	8 who are victims of sexual assaults don't receive justice,
9	anyone else that was involved in creating that law	9 that there's disparate treatment within the criminal
10	contemplated this particular set of circumstances or	10 justice system for Alaska Native male offenders versus
11	facts. And so it's one of those things that we often	11 white male offenders. How do you respond to those
12	describe as an unintended consequence. No one intended	12 concerns that are heightened and exacerbated by this
13	for what is clearly deviant sexual behavior not to be	13 outcome?
14	categorized as a sex offense. They were thinking about	14 A Well, the first thing that I would say is that, clearly,
15	different conduct at the time they enacted the law.	15         Alaska has a very high rate of victimization of women for
16	Q All right. Had this gone to trial and had he been found	16 sexual assault and domestic violence. That is something
17	guilty, how might the sentence have been different?	<ul> <li>that Alaska has been battling for a number of years and we</li> </ul>
18	A The charges that were against Mr. Schneider, first, the	<ul> <li>18 continue to battle it. And it's just a fact that,</li> </ul>
19	kidnapping, if a jury had convicted him of that and I	<ol> <li>unfortunately, within those victimizations we also see</li> </ol>
20	don't believe that they would have been allowed to because	<ul> <li>that Native women have been victimized more, and that's a</li> </ul>
21	I believe a judge would have dismissed that charge,	<ul> <li>21 problem. That's a problem that needs to be fixed.</li> </ul>
22	because the law said the facts that we had would not have	22 But in this case the outcome wouldn't have been any
23	supported a kidnapping conviction. So right off the bat	23 different because the outcome is controlled by the law,
24	that charge is not available.	<ul> <li>24 not by anyone's ethnicity. It's about the law, and the</li> </ul>
25	If he had been convicted of the highest charge	<ul> <li>law needs to be changed so that we can get better outcomes</li> </ul>
20	If he had been convicted of the inglicit charge	
	Page 15	Page 17
1	Page 15 available after trial, it would have been the same as this	Page 17 1 for women, and especially for Native women.
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1	Jill and	
2	MS. BURKE: Yes.	
3		
4	reactions in this case? Has there been reaction like this	
5	before, public reaction?	
6	A I completely understand the public outrage at the outcome	
7	here because the law didn't allow us to get a better	
8	outcome, but the public's not focused on the law. The	
9	public's focused on the outcome and that outcome needs to	
10	be different in the future, which is why we need to change	
11	the law.	
12	Have we seen concerns in the past? Yes. Have we	
13	seen concerns that rise to this level? I don't know that	
14	I can recall one in the past that rose to this level, and	
15	I hope that that public outcry results in getting a better	
16	system so it doesn't happen again.	
17	MS. BURKE: I think I'm good, Kalin	
18	UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: I have no more questions.	
19	MS. BURKE: unless there's more that you need. Yeah.	
20	And that I know how to find both of you by email or phone if	
21	we need to touch base. I'm sure there'll be	
22	(End of recording)	
23	00:23:34	
24	/	
25	/	

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#### TRANSCRIBER'S CERTIFICATE

I, Dana J. Kelly, Certified Electronic Transcriber, hereby certify:

That the foregoing pages numbered 2 through 18 are a true, accurate and complete transcript of an interview transcribed to the best of my knowledge and ability from an electronic sound recording provided to me by the Department of Law.

DATED: October 30, 2018.

Dana J. Kelly

AAERT No. CET-172